

Annual financial statement 2022



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Balance sheet

Balance sheet

as of 31 December 2022, GFT Technologies SE

Assets

<u> </u>	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
Fixed assets		
Intangible assets		
Purchased franchises, industrial and similar rights and assets, and licenses in such rights and assets	657,145.54	1,181,361.64
Property, plant and equipment		
Other equipment, furniture and fixtures	4,133,270.87	4,468,397.83
Financial assets		
Shares in affiliates	54,606,540.58	54,593,935.88
Loans to affiliates	44,152,932.26	70,071,310.52
Equity investments	778,379.02	789,932.17
	99,537,851.86	125,455,178.57
	104,328,268.27	131,104,938.04
Current assets		
Work in process	7,680,638.39	7,746,015.65
Receivables and other assets		
Trade receivables	7,840,628.28	8,472,950.96
Receivables from affiliates	25,363,632.21	18,690,290.04
Other assets	472,448.34	595,245.58
	33,676,708.83	27,758,486.58
Cash on hand and bank balances	2,926,239.02	4,118,029.21
	44,283,586.24	39,622,531.44
Prepaid expenses	4,830,486.87	3,327,532.71
	Intangible assets Purchased franchises, industrial and similar rights and assets, and licenses in such rights and assets Property, plant and equipment Other equipment, furniture and fixtures Financial assets Shares in affiliates Loans to affiliates Equity investments Current assets Work in process Receivables and other assets Trade receivables Receivables from affiliates	Fixed assets Intangible assets Purchased franchises, industrial and similar rights and assets, and licenses in such rights and assets Property, plant and equipment Other equipment, furniture and fixtures Financial assets Shares in affiliates Loans to affiliates Equity investments Tras,379.02 99,537,851.86 104,328,268.27 Current assets Work in process Receivables and other assets Trade receivables Receivables from affiliates Other assets Cash on hand and bank balances 21,926,239.02

Equity and liabilities

in •	€	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
A.	Equity		
I.	Share capital	26,325,946.00	26,325,946.00
	(Conditional capital: €10.00 million)		
II.	Capital reserve	2,745,042.36	2,745,042.36
III.	Other retained earnings	22,149,591.97	22,149,591.97
IV.	Distributable profit	34,344,858.52	27,097,583.95
		85,565,438.85	78,318,164.28
В.	Provisions		
1.	Provisions for pensions	622,325.00	643,583.00
2.	Tax provisions	3,072,609.50	217,382.00
3.	Other provisions	12,615,364.71	12,772,161.87
		16,310,299.21	13,633,126.87
C.	Liabilities		
1.	Liabilities to banks	37,018,997.81	63,017,912.22
2.	Prepayments received on account of orders	7,556,550.81	9,019,177.03
3.	Trade payables	567,154.17	684,259.80
4.	Liabilities to affiliates	3,703,910.17	6,331,597.73
5.	Other liabilities	2,227,923.65	1,950,686.51
		51,074,536.61	81,003,633.29
D.	Deferred income	492,066.71	1,100,077.75
		153,442,341.38	174,055,002.19

Income statement

Income statement

for the financial year 2022, GFT Technologies SE

in€	2022	2021
1. Revenue	89,449,555.50	73,533,097.73
2. Decrease (2021: Increase) of work in process	-65,377.26	4,731,906.28
Other operating income	8,335,921.66	9,337,234.08
4. Total performance	97,720,099.90	87,602,238.09
5. Cost of purchased services	30,494,073.33	25,540,760.68
6. Personnel expenses		
a) Salaries and wages	30,359,811.19	34,190,338.09
 Social security, pension and other benefit costs 	4,219,299.01	4,355,324.28
 Amortisation and depreciation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment 	1,434,241.78	1,228,977.14
Other operating expenses	32,088,137.64	33,279,559.51
9. Result from operating activities	-875,463.05	-10,992,721.61
10. Income from equity investments	19,071,742.54	18,100,000.00
11. Income from profit and loss transfer agreements	1,300,991.40	925,788.54
12. Income from loans classified as fixed financial assets	1,340,779.05	1,218,562.96
13. Other interest and similar income	104,090.75	271,082.06
14. Write-downs of financial assets	0.00	115,000.00
15. Expenses from loss assumptions	414,344.73	391,507.05
16. Interest and similar expenses	989,783.92	886,700.52

in €	2022		
17. Financial result	20,413,475.09	19,122,225.99	
18. Earnings before taxes	19,538,012.04	8,129,504.38	
19. Income taxes	3,073,540.78	499,208.65	
20. Earnings after income taxes	16,464,471.26	7,630,295.73	
21. Other taxes	3,115.59	4,780.98	
22. Net income for the year	16,461,355.67	7,625,514.75	
23. Profit brought forward from previous year	17,883,502.85	19,472,069.20	
24. Distributable profit	34,344,858.52	27,097,583.95	

Notes to the annual financial statements

for the financial year 2022, GFT Technologies SE, Stuttgart

1 Accounting policies and methods

1.1 General information

The annual financial statements of GFT Technologies SE are prepared in euro (€) in accordance with the statutory regulations of the German Commercial Code ('Handelsgesetzbuch' – HGB), Council Regulation (EC) No 2157/2001 on the Statute of the European Company (SE) and the SE Implementation Act with the supplementary provisions of the German Stock Corporation Act (AktG). Unless stated otherwise, figures are stated in thousands of euros (€ thousand). Amounts are rounded using standard commercial methods.

GFT Technologies SE is a European company (Societas Europaea, SE) with headquarters in Stuttgart, Germany. The company is registered in the Commercial Register of the District Court of Stuttgart under number HRB 753709 with its registered offices at Schelmenwasenstrasse 34, 70567 Stuttgart.

As the parent company of the GFT Group, and pursuant to section 315e (1) HGB, GFT Technologies SE prepares consolidated financial statements on the basis of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as they are to be applied in the European Union (EU). As a consequence, it does not prepare consolidated financial statements according to German commercial law. The financial year is the calendar year.

The income statement has been prepared using the nature of expense method.

Compared to the statutory system of presentation according to section 275 (2) HGB, the income statement additionally includes the items 'total performance', 'result from operating activities', 'income from profit and loss transfer agreements', 'expenses from loss assumptions', 'financial result', 'earnings before taxes', 'profit brought forward from previous year', and 'distributable profit'.

In order to enhance the clarity of presentation, disclosures on the composition of line items and 'thereof' references are included in the notes.

1.2 Accounting and valuation methods

The following accounting and valuation methods were essentially unchanged for the preparation of the annual financial statements.

Purchased intangible fixed assets are measured at acquisition cost less scheduled straight-line amortisation. The assets generally have a useful life of 3 or 5 years.

Property, plant and equipment are measured at acquisition cost less scheduled straight-line depreciation. A useful life of 3 to 25 years is assumed for scheduled straight-line depreciation.

Impairments are recognised if an asset needs to be measured at a lower value. If the reasons for impairment no longer exist, an impairment reversal is recognised.

In the case of financial assets, share rights are recognised at acquisition cost and loans at nominal value or, in the case of expected permanent impairments, at the lower fair value. Share rights are measured using a discounted cash flow approach. If the reasons for a

permanent impairment no longer exist, the impairment is reversed.

Work in process is recognised at manufacturing cost. In addition to directly attributable costs, manufacturing costs also include pro rata production overheads, including depreciation, as well as appropriate portions of general administration costs. Write-downs are made insofar as recognition at a lower value is necessary. Profits are recognised upon acceptance of the project.

Receivables and other assets are measured at their nominal values, taking into account all identifiable risks, and – if non-interest-bearing – discounted to their present value on the balance sheet date if their remaining term is more than one year. A general allowance (1.0%) is recognised to reflect general credit risks.

Prepaid expenses include expenses before the balance sheet date that constitute expenses for a specific period thereafter. Any difference between the settlement amount and the lower issue amount of liabilities ('discount') is capitalised and amortised over the term of the liabilities.

Deferred taxes due to temporary or quasi-permanent differences in the measurement of assets, liabilities, accruals and deferrals between financial reporting according to commercial law (HGB) and the tax basis, or due to tax loss carryforwards, are measured at the company-specific tax rates at the time the differences are eliminated and the amounts of the resulting tax burden and relief are not discounted. However, loss carryforwards are only included to the extent that they can be offset against taxable income within the statutory period of five years. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are netted. Any resulting tax liability is recognised as a deferred tax liability in the balance sheet. Any resulting tax asset is not recognised, in line with the capitalisation option.

Provisions for pensions are recognised at the settlement amount required according to reasonable business judgement. Measurement is based on the actuarial projected unit credit method. Discounting is based on the average market interest rate of the last ten financial years as published by the German central bank ('Deutsche Bundesbank') on 31 December 2022 for an assumed remaining term of 15 years.

Other provisions are measured at the settlement amount required according to reasonable business judgement. Expected future price and cost increases up to the time of fulfilment of the obligation are taken into account. Provisions for employee commissions and bonuses are estimated on the basis of expected target achievement. The individual targets are weighted differently and consist of economic and personal targets.

Tax provisions comprise the best estimate of expected tax payments, in particular in the event that amounts stated in the tax returns may not be recovered (uncertain tax positions). Tax refund claims are only recognised in the balance sheet if they are sufficiently certain.

Provisions with a remaining term of more than one year are generally discounted at the average market interest rate of the last seven years as published by the German central bank ('Deutsche Bundesbank') on 31 December 2022 in accordance with their remaining term.

Liabilities are measured at their settlement amounts.

Deferred income includes payments received before the balance sheet date that constitute income for a specific period thereafter.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are generally translated at the mean spot exchange rate on the balance sheet date. In the case of remaining terms of more than one year, the realisation principle (section 252 (1) no. 4, half-sentence 2HGB) and the acquisition cost principle (section 253 (1) sentence 1 HGB) are applied.

Insofar as accounting units pursuant to section 254 HGB are formed, the following accounting and valuation principles are applied. Economic hedging relationships are reflected in the balance sheet by forming measurement units. In those cases in which it is possible to apply both the 'freezing method' (in which the offsetting changes in value from the hedged risk are not recognised in the balance sheet) and the 'gross hedge presentation method' (in which the offsetting changes in value from the hedged risk of both the underlying transaction and the hedging instrument are recognised in the balance sheet), the 'freezing method' is used. The offsetting positive and negative changes in value have no effect on the income statement.

Revenue recognition depends on the contractual agreements. For consulting projects that are structured as a contract for work and services, revenue is recognised on the basis of the completed contract method at the time of final acceptance of the project by the client. Consultancy projects that are structured as service contracts are recognised after the service has been rendered. Revenue from maintenance contracts is recognised pro rata over the contractual maintenance period.

2 Explanations on items of the balance sheet

2.1 Fixed assets

The development of the individual fixed asset items is presented in the following table with details of depreciation and amortisation for the financial year.

in €	01/01/2022	Additions	Disposals	31/12/2022
I. Intangible assets				
Purchased franchise, industrial and similar rights and assets, and licenses in such rights and assets	5,140,471.80	1,793.75	0.00	5,142,265.55
II. Property, plant and equipment				
Other equipment, furniture and fixtures	12,292,858.14	753,002.25	211,716.71	12,834,143.68
III. Financial assets				
1. Shares in affiliates	55,132,289.23	12,604.70	0.00	55,144,893.93
2. Loans to affiliates	70,071,310.52	376,570.52	26,294,948.78	44,152,932.26
3. Equity in investments	789,932.17	0.00	11,553.15	778,379.02
	125,993,531.92	389,175.22	26,306,501.93	100,076,205.21
Total	143,426,861.86	1,143,971.22	26,518,218.64	118,052,614.44

Depreciation. amortisation and write-ups					Carrying amount		
in €	01/01/2022	Additions	Disposals	31/12/2022	31/12/2022	31/12/2021	
I. Intangible assets							
Purchased franchise, industrial and similar rights and assets, and licenses in such rights and assets	3,959,110.16	526,009.85	0.00	4,485,120.01	657,145.54	1,181,361.64	
II. Property, plant and equipment							
Other equipment, furniture and fixtures	7,824,460.31	908,231.931	31,819.43	8,700,872.81	4,133,270.87	4,468,397.83	
III. Financial assets							
1. Shares in affiliates	538,353.35	0.00	0.00	538,353.35	54,606,540.58	54,593,935.88	
2. Loans to affiliates	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	44,152,932.26	70,071,310.52	
3. Equity in investments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	778,379.02	789,932.17	
	538,353.35	0.00	0.00	538,353.35	99,537,851.86	125,455,178.57	
Total	12,321,923.82	1,434,241.78	31,819.43	13,724,346.17	104,328,268.27	131,104,938.04	

¹ Thereof extraordinary depreciations amounting to 192.670,44 €

Property, plant and equipment

In the reporting period, there was non-scheduled depreciation on servers within other equipment, furniture and fixtures of \le 193 thousand (2021: \le 0 thousand).

Financial assets

Financial assets decreased by \le 25,917 thousand to \le 99,538 thousand (31 December 2021: \le 125,455 thousand) in the financial year.

Loans to affiliated companies declined by €25,918 thousand, mainly due to the repayment of intercompany loans. In the previous year, there were currency-related write-ups on loans to affiliated companies amounting to €435 thousand relating to a long-term loan to GFT Technologies Canada Inc., Québec, Canada (formerly: 9380-6081 Québec Inc., Montreal, Canada). There were no write-downs or write-ups on financial assets in the financial year 2022.

2.2 Disclosures on equity holdings acc. to section 285 no. 11 HGB

As of 31 December 2022, GFT Technologies SE directly and indirectly holds shares of at least 5% in the companies presented below. For the fully consolidated subsidiaries, equity and earnings disclosures are based on the IFRS amounts of the local financial statements.

Equity holdings according to section 285 no. 11 HGB

in € thousand	Share of the capital (in %)	Company equity 31/12/2022	Net income 2022
I. Direct investments			
Domestic			
GFT Real Estate GmbH, Stuttgart, Germany*	100	504	-63
SW34 Gastro GmbH, Stuttgart, Germany*	100	533	0
GFT Treasury Services GmbH, Stuttgart, Germany*	100	354	324
GFT Invest GmbH, Stuttgart, Germany*	100	25	0
GFT Integrated Systems GmbH, Konstanz, Germany*	100	1,937	-144
incowia GmbH, Illmenau, Germany	10	1,938	297
oreign			
GFT Schweiz AG, Zürich, Switzerland	100	2,250	1,894
GFT UK Limited, London, UK	100	35,918	2,797
GFT Technologies S.A.U., Madrid, Spain	100	38,003	16,846
GFT Italia S.r.I., Milan, Italy	100	34,422	5,052
GFT Technologies Canada Inc., Quebec, Canada	100	-4,660	-8,336
GFT France S.A.S., Niort, France	100	754	294
GFT Technologies Hong Kong Ltd., Hong Kong, China	100	1,052	296
GFT Technologies Singapore Pte. Ltd., Singapore, Singapore	100	-1,199	-130
GFT Technologies Romania S.r.I., Iași, Romania	100	-142	-153
One Creation Corporation, New York, USA	5	1,432	-1,122

Share of the Company equity

Not income

^{*} There is a profit and loss transfer agreement between the company (profit and loss transferring company) and GFT Technologies SE. The figures stated for equity and net income are after profit and loss transfer/assumption pursuant to commercial law.

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Notes

Equity holdings according to section 285 no. 11 HGB (continued)

in € thousand	Share of the capital (in %)	Company equity 31/12/2022	Net income 2022
II. Indirect investments			
Foreign			
GFT IT Consulting, S.L.U., Sant Cugat del Vallès, Spain	100	19,820	8,237
GFT Brasil Consultoria Informática Ltda., Barueri, Brazil	100	20,684	18,990
GFT USA Inc., New York, USA	100	14,324	4,502
Med-Use S.r.I., Milan, Italy	100	671	52
GFT Financial Limited, London, UK	100	20,313	10,893
GFT Canada Inc., Toronto, Canada	100	699	13
GFT Poland Sp. z o.o., Lodz, Poland	100	6,034	1,749
GFT Costa Rica S.A., Heredia, Costa Rica	100	1,269	401
GFT México S.A. de C.V., Mexiko-Stadt, Mexico	100	4,902	-870
GFT Peru S.A.C., Lima, Peru	100	22	0
GFT Technologies Toronto Inc., Quebec, Canada	100	3,562	1,304
GFT Technologies Belgique S.A., Brüssel, Belgium	100	265	35
GFT Technologies Vietnam Limited, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	100	-487	-38

GFT Technologies Romania S.r.l., Iaşi, Romania, was founded on 17 August 2022 by shareholder resolution. The share capital amounts to RON 50,000 and is fully paid.

In addition, GFT Technologies Canada Inc., Québec, Canada, was merged with 9380-6081 Québec Inc., Montreal, Canada, effective 1 January 2022 with subsequent change of the company name to GFT Technologies Canada Inc.

2.3 Receivables and other assets

Receivables from affiliated companies amounting to €25,364 thousand (31 December 2021: €18,690 thousand) mainly relate to trade receivables of €4,024 thousand (31 December 2021: €6,752 thousand) as well as other receivables from loans of €3,700 thousand (31 December 2021: €10,625 thousand) and from Group clearing (introduced in the financial year 2022) amounting to €16,052 thousand (31 December 2021: €0 thousand).

Within the Group clearing system, receivables and liabilities from operational deliveries and services are settled via clearing accounts held with GFT Treasury Services GmbH at the beginning of the month following the delivery or service. Invoices are settled in the form of a credit or debit entry in the clearing account. In addition, credits or debits to the clearing account are made in the case of cash advances or transfers from or to GFT Treasury Services GmbH for the purpose of Group-wide liquidity management.

Other assets include tax receivables of €385 thousand (31 December 2021: €416 thousand).

As in the previous year, all receivables and other assets have remaining terms of up to one year.

2.4 Deferred taxes

Deferred taxes were calculated using the balance sheet-oriented concept on the basis of the combined income tax rate for the tax group of GFT Technologies SE, which is currently 29.08% (2021: 28.97%). The combined income tax rate includes corporate income tax, trade tax and the solidarity surcharge.

Deferred tax assets (+) and liabilities (-) result mainly from the following temporary differences between commercial and tax balance sheet measurement:

in € thousand	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
Provisions (including provisions for pensions)	634	874
Other assets	225	256
Goodwill	1,828	1,968

The tax loss carryforwards for corporation tax including solidarity surcharge of $\[\in \]$ 5,865 thousand and for trade tax of $\[\in \]$ 628 thousand in the previous year were used up in full in the financial year 2022.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities were netted. The resulting net tax asset was not recognised, in line with the capitalisation option.

2.5 Equity

The change in equity during the financial year 2022 is summarised below:

Change in equity

in €	Share capital	Capital reserve	Other retained earnings	Distributable profit
As of 1 January 2022	26,325,946.00	2,745,042.36	22,149,591.97	27,097,583.95
Dividend to shareholders				-9,214,081.10
Net income for the year	_	-	_	16,461,355.67
As of 31 December 2022	26,325,946.00	2,745,042.36	22,149,591.97	34,344,858.52

Share capital

As of 31 December 2022, share capital of €26,325,946.00 consisted of 26,325,946 no-par value shares (unchanged from the previous year). The shares are bearer shares and all grant the same rights.

Authorised capital

With a resolution adopted by the Annual General Meeting of 10 June 2021, the previous Authorised Capital was cancelled and a new Authorised Capital (Authorised Capital 2021) was resolved in order to secure the long-term financial scope. Essentially, this scope was expanded with regard to the use of the Authorised Capital within the framework of share participation or other share-based programmes for Managing Directors of GFT Technologies SE and members of the representative body of a company affiliated with GFT Technologies SE. In detail, the Administrative Board was authorised until 9 June 2026 to increase the share capital of GFT Technologies SE by up to a total of €10.00 million through a one-time-only or repeated partial issuance of bearer shares (no-par shares) against cash contributions and/or contributions in kind (Authorised Capital 2021). The new shares are to be offered to the shareholders for subscription (also by way of indirect subscription

in accordance with section 186 (5) sentence 1 AktG). The Administrative Board was also authorised to exclude the legal subscription right of shareholders under certain conditions and within defined limits.

Authorised capital has not been utilised so far. As of 31 December 2022, there was therefore unused authorised capital of €10.00 million (31 December 2021: €10.00 million).

Conditional capital

With a resolution adopted by the Annual General Meeting of 1 June 2022, the Administrative Board of GFT Technologies SE was authorised until 31 May 2027 to issue on a one-time-only or repeated basis convertible and/or warrant bonds or a combination of these instruments (bonds) with a total nominal amount of up to €400.00 million with or without a limited term and to grant the creditors of these bonds conversion or warrant rights to new no-par value bearer shares of GFT Technologies SE with a proportionate amount of share capital of up to €10.00 million in accordance with the respective terms and conditions of the bonds. The bonds can only be issued for cash contributions. The respective conditions may also provide for a conversion or warrant obligation. The bonds may

also be issued by domestic or foreign companies in which GFT Technologies SE directly or indirectly holds a majority of the votes and capital. Among other things, the Administrative Board was also authorised to exclude the legal subscription right of shareholders to the bonds under certain conditions and within defined limits.

To service the bonds issued under the above authorisation, the Annual General Meeting of 1 June 2022 also resolved to conditionally increase the share capital by up to €10.00 million (Conditional Capital 2022).

The authorisation to issue bonds has not yet been exercised.

Treasury shares

With a resolution adopted by the Annual General Meeting of 24 June 2020, GFT Technologies SE was authorised to purchase treasury shares in the period until 23 June 2025 up to a total of 10% of share capital as at the time of the Annual General Meeting resolution and to use them for all legally permissible purposes. Among other things, the shares may be used, with the exclusion of shareholder subscription rights, in connection with (partial) company acquisitions, or for share-based compensation and employee share ownership plans, or may be sold to third parties for cash at a price that is not significantly lower than the stock market price at the time of the sale.

The authorisation to purchase treasury shares was not exercised in the reporting period. As in the previous year, GFT Technologies SE held no treasury shares as of 31 December 2022.

Capital reserve

The capital reserve, which exceeds the legal minimum, amounts to $\[\in \] 2,745,042.36$ as of the balance sheet date (31 December 2021: $\[\in \] 2,745,042.36$).

Other retained earnings

Other retained earnings include in particular transfers from net income of previous years and amount to €22,149,591.97 (31 December 2021: €22,149,591.97).

Distributable profit

Distributable profit as of 31 December 2022 includes profit brought forward of €17,883,502.85 (31 December 2020: €19,472,069.20); otherwise, we refer to the proposal for the appropriation of profit in section 4.8.

2.6 Provisions for pensions

The measurement of pension obligations using the projected unit credit method was based on the following assumptions:

Forecast interest rate (acc. to simplification rule section 253 (2) sentence 2 HGB)

Expected wage and salary increases

n/a or 2.00%

2.00% or 1.00% or 0.00%

Expected pension increases

Mortality tables according to

31/12/2022

For disclosure in the balance sheet, the following offsets were made:

in € thousand	31/12/2022
Pension obligations at the settlement amount	872
Pledged time deposits as covering assets	-250
Provisions for pensions	622

The difference between recognition of provisions for pensions according to the average market interest rate of the past seven years (1.45%) and recognition of provisions according to the average market interest rate of the past ten years (1.79%) amounts to €38 thousand (31 December 2021: €63 thousand). The difference is not subject to the distribution ban according to section 253 (6) sentence 2 HGB, as there are sufficient freely available reserves and a profit brought forward.

The disclosure in the income statement is as follows:

in € thousand	2022
Interest expenses from pension obligations	16
Interest and similar expenses	16

There was no offsetting of expenses from the compounding of pension obligations and income from the plan assets to be offset, as no significant income is generated from the plan assets.

2.7 Other provisions

Other provisions of a not insignificant amount relate to:

in € thousand	31/12/2022
Employee commissions/bonuses	9,223
Outstanding incoming invoices	1,861
Holiday obligations	609
Annual accounts and tax declaration	370

Employee commissions/bonuses include obligations from share-based remuneration agreements of the Managing Directors amounting to \le 4,456 thousand (31 December 2021: \le 4,354 thousand). The Managing Directors were granted 32,213 virtual shares with a fair value of \le 1,144 thousand during the reporting period.

The fair value of the share-based remuneration instruments (virtual shares) as of the balance sheet date was determined using a recognised actuarial method as the market price of the underlying shares, taking into account dividends to which there is no entitlement during the vesting period and – where necessary – market and non-exercise conditions.

2.8 Liabilities

Liabilities to affiliates relate to trade payables of €3,289 thousand (31 December 2021: €5,940 thousand) and otherwise mainly to obligations arising from profit and loss transfer agreements.

Trade payables are subject to customary retention of title.

The remaining terms of liabilities (including the previous year) are as follows:

Remaining terms of liabilities as of 31 December 2022

		Remaining term		
in € thousand	Total	<1 year	1 – 5 years	> 5 years
Liabilities to banks	37,019	19	37,000	0
Prepayments received on account of orders	7,557	7,557	0	0
Trade payables	568	568	0	0
Liabilities to affiliates	3,704	3,704	0	0
Other liabilities	2,228	2,228	0	0

Remaining terms of liabilities as of 31 December 2021

		Remaining term		
in € thousand	Total	< 1 year	1 – 5 years	> 5 years
Liabilities to banks	63,018	21,018	42,000	0
Prepayments received on account of orders	9,019	9,019	0	0
Trade payables	684	684	0	0
Liabilities to affiliates	6,332	6,332	0	0
Other liabilities	1,951	1,951	0	0

Other liabilities include tax liabilities of €1,579 thousand (31 December 2021: €1,559 thousand) and social security liabilities of €10 thousand (31 December 2021: €20 thousand).

3 Explanations on items of the income statementg

3.1 Revenue

Revenue is mainly generated in Germany and includes €30,899 thousand (2021: €27,697 thousand) in income from intercompany services.

The development of revenue by area of activity is shown in the following table (in \in thousand):

Area of activity	2022	2021
Consulting and software development	46,417	32,946
Maintenance revenue	12,133	12,890
Group cost allocations	30,899	27,697
Total	89,449	73,533

3.2 Other operating income

Other operating income includes €174 thousand (2021: €493 thousand) in income from currency translation.

Other operating income of \in 778 thousand (2021: \in 2,571 thousand) is attributable to other periods. This is mainly income from the reversal of provisions amounting to \in 733 thousand (2021: \in 2,512 thousand).

3.3 Social security, pension and other benefit costs Expenses for pensions amount to €43 thousand (2021: €42 thousand).

3.4 Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses include an amount of €165 thousand (2021: €123 thousand) from currency translation.

In the previous year, other operating expenses included the loss from merging with GFT Smart Technology Solutions GmbH of €6,135 thousand.

3.5 Income from equity investments

As in the previous year, income from equity investments relates in full to affiliated companies.

3.6 Income from profit and loss transfer agreements

This item contains income from the transfer of profits from affiliated companies amounting to €1,301 thousand (2021: €926 thousand).

3.7 Income from loans classified as fixed financial assets

Income from loans classified as fixed financial assets of \in 1,341 thousand (2021: \in 1,219 thousand) relates to affiliated companies.

3.8 Other interest and similar income

An amount of €100 thousand (2021: €163 thousand) of other interest and similar income relates to affiliated companies.

This item includes income of €0 thousand (2021: €108 thousand) from the discounting of provisions.

3.9 Expenses from loss assumptions

This item comprises expenses from the assumption of losses from affiliated companies amounting to €414 thousand (2021: €392 thousand).

3.10 Interest and similar expenses

Affiliated companies account for €23 thousand (2021: €0 thousand) of interest and similar expenses.

This item includes expenses of €284 thousand (2021: €29 thousand) from the compounding of provisions.

3.11 Income taxes

As the controlling company, GFT Technologies SE is the liable tax entity for the companies affiliated with it through profit and loss transfer agreements. The individual companies are disclosed by name in the list of shareholdings in section 2.2.

The income tax expense amounted to \leq 3,073 thousand (2021: \leq 499 thousand). The year-on-year increase of \leq 2,574 thousand in tax expenses is mainly due to the significant rise in corporate income tax and positive trade tax earnings.

4 Other disclosures

4.1 Other financial obligations

Insofar as they are not recognised in the balance sheet, obligations from fixed-term rental, leasing and licence agreements amount to €15,726 thousand (31 December 2021: €17,522 thousand), of which €0 thousand (31 December 2021: €692 thousand) relates to affiliated companies. In addition, there are annual obligations from open-ended contracts amounting to €4,542 thousand (2021: €1,415 thousand). Further obligations due to affiliated companies from open-ended contracts total €840 thousand (2021: €102 thousand).

Other financial obligations amount to €21,108 thousand (2021: €19,038 thousand).

The remaining financial obligations, in particular the order commitment, are within the normal scope of business.

4.2 Contingent liabilities

As of 31 December 2022, there are financial guarantees of up to €53,000 thousand (31 December 2021: €54,830 thousand) in favour of subsidiaries. Financial guarantees constitute contractual agreements; GFT Technologies SE, as the guarantor, generally guarantees that in the event of non-fulfilment of the payment obligation by the principal debtor, it will reimburse the guarantee holder for the loss incurred up to a contractually agreed amount.

In connection with the Group clearing system implemented in the reporting period, an unlimited financial guarantee was assumed in favour of GFT Treasury Services GmbH, which amounted to €16,896 thousand (31 December 2021: €0 thousand) as at the end of the reporting period. The aforementioned amount is offset by claims against other subsidiaries of €28,843 thousand (31 December 2021: €0 thousand) as of 31 December 2022.

Contingent liabilities relate to potential future events whose occurrence would lead to an obligation. The existing contingent liabilities of GFT Technologies SE were reviewed with regard to the risk situation as of the balance sheet date, taking into account existing knowledge of the financial position and performance of the affiliated companies. GFT Technologies SE therefore estimates the risk of a possible claim for the obligations listed as unlikely.

4.3 Executive bodies of the company

Administrative Board

Ulrich Dietz

- · Chairman of the Administrative Board
- · External mandate:
 - Festo SE&Co. KG, Esslingen, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)

Dr Paul Lerbinger

- · Deputy Chairman of the Administrative Board
- Former CEO of HSH Nordbank AG, Hamburg, Germany
- · External mandate:
- Minimax GmbH, Bad Oldesloe, Germany (Chairman of the Supervisory Board)

Dr Ing Andreas Bereczky

- · Member of the Administrative Board
- Former Production Director Zweites Deutsches Fernsehen, Mainz, Germany
- · External mandate:
- Eurovision Services S.A., Le Grand-Saconnex, Switzerland (Member of the Administrative Board)

Maria Dietz

- · Member of the Administrative Board
- Former Head of Purchasing for the GFT Group
- · External mandates:
- Drägerwerk AG&Co. KGaA, Lübeck, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)
- Dräger Safety AG&Co. KGaA, Lübeck, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)
- Drägerwerk Verwaltungs AG, Lübeck, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)
- Ernst Klett Aktiengesellschaft, Stuttgart, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)
- LBBW Asset Management Investmentgesellschaft mbh, Stuttgart, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board), since 14 February 2022

Marika Lulay

- · Member of the Administrative Board
- Chairwoman of the Managing Directors, CEO
- Responsible for Strategy and Business Development, Markets, Communication, Investor Relations, Marketing, Technology and Innovation

- · External mandates:
 - Aareal Bank AG, Wiesbaden, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board), since 31 August 2022
- EnBW Energie Baden-Württemberg AG, Karlsruhe, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)
- Wüstenrot&Württembergische AG, Stuttgart, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board), until 9 August 2022

Dr Jochen Ruetz

- Member of the Administrative Board
- · Managing Director, CFO
- Responsible for Finance, Internal Audit, Investor Relations, IT Infrastructures, Human Resources, Legal Affairs and Mergers&Acquisitions
- External mandates:
- G. Elsinghorst Handelsgesellschaft mbH, Bocholt, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)
- Progress-Werk Oberkirch AG, Oberkirch, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)

Prof Dr Andreas Wiedemann

- · Member of the Administrative Board
- Lawyer and partner of the law firm Hennerkes, Kirchdörfer&Lorz, Stuttgart, Germany
- External mandates:
 - Büchi Erbenholding AG, Flawil, Switzerland (President of the Administrative Board)
- Büchi Holding AG, Flawil, Switzerland (President of the Administrative Board)
- Georg Nordmann Holding AG, Hamburg, Germany (Chairman of the Supervisory Board)
- Jowat SE, Detmold, Germany (Chairman of the Supervisory Board)
- Mack&Schühle AG, Owen/Teck, Germany (Chairman of the Supervisory Board), since 22 July 2022

Managing Directors

Marika Lulay

- · Chairwoman of the Managing Directors, CEO
- · Member of the Administrative Board
- Responsible for Strategy and Business Development, Markets, Communication, Investor Relations, Marketing, Technology and Innovation
- · External mandates:
 - Aareal Bank AG, Wiesbaden, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board), since 31 August 2022
 - EnBW Energie Baden-Württemberg AG, Karlsruhe, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)
 - Wüstenrot&Württembergische AG, Stuttgart, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board), until 9 August 2022

Dr Jochen Ruetz

- · Managing Director, CFO
- · Member of the Administrative Board
- Responsible for Finance, Internal Audit, Investor Relations, IT Infrastructures, Human Resources, Legal Affairs and Mergers&Acquisitions
- · External mandates:
- G. Elsinghorst Handelsgesellschaft mbH, Bocholt, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)
- Progress-Werk Oberkirch AG, Oberkirch, Germany (Member of the Supervisory Board)

Jens-Thorsten Rauer

- Managing Director
- Responsible for the operating business of the GFT Group in the region Central&Western Europe
- · Internal mandates:
 - GFT Schweiz AG (President of the Administrative Board)
 - GFT Italia S.r.l., Milan, Italy (Managing Director),
- Med-Use S.r.I., Milan, Italy (Managing Director), until 1 April 2022
- GFT Technologies S.A.U., Madrid, Spain (Member of the Management Board)

 GFT IT Consulting S.L.U., Sant Cugat del Vallès, Spain (Member of the Management Board)

Total compensation for the Managing Directors in the financial year 2022 amounted to \bigcirc 5,056 thousand (2021: \bigcirc 4,552 thousand). The long-term bonus component is included in total remuneration at the conversion amount.

Total compensation for the Administrative Board without the remuneration of the Managing Directors amounted to €451 thousand in the financial year 2022 (2021: €448 thousand).

4.4 Employees

The average number of employees in the financial year 2022 was 331 (2021: 344).

Employees by headcount

	2022	2021
Salaried staff	309	325
Senior executives	22	19
	331	344

4.5 Auditing fees

In accordance with section 285 no. 17 HGB, auditing fees for the reporting period are not disclosed as they are included in the disclosures of the consolidated financial statements of GFT Technologies SE.

4.6 Disclosures acc. to section 160 (1) no. 8 AktG

Pursuant to section 33 (1) of the German Securities
Trading Act (WpHG), any shareholder who reaches,
exceeds or falls below the thresholds of 3, 5, 10, 15,
20, 25, 30, 50 or 75% of the voting rights of a listed
company must notify the company and the Federal
Financial Supervisory Authority (BaFin) without delay,
but no later than within four trading days. Pursuant to
section 33 (2) WpHG, any person who holds 3% or

more of the voting rights in the company at the time the shares are first admitted to trading on an organised market must make a corresponding notification.

GFT Technologies SE received notification of the following shareholdings in accordance with section 33 (1) and (2) WpHG. In the case of multiple reaching, exceeding or falling below the thresholds specified in section 33 (1) WpHG by a person subject to reporting requirements, only the most recent notification is listed. The corresponding percentage and share figures are taken from the last voting rights notifications to GFT Technologies SE pursuant to section 33 WpHG and may therefore no longer be up-to-date.

- J.P. Morgan Asset Management (Europe) S.à r.I, Senningerberg, Luxembourg, notified us on 19 October 2022 that it directly or indirectly held 2.76% of the voting rights in GFT Technologies SE as of 17 October 2022.
- J.P. Morgan Asset Management (UK) Limited, London, United Kingdom, notified us on 27 October 2022 that it directly or indirectly held 2.99% of the voting rights in GFT Technologies SE as of 26 February 2022.
- **J.P. Morgan Case Bank, Columbus, Ohio,** notified us on 27 October 2022 that it directly or indirectly held 2.99% of the voting rights in GFT Technologies SE as of 26 October 2022.
- **J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc., Wilmington, USA,** notified us on 27 October 2022 that it directly or indirectly held 2.99% of the voting rights in GFT Technologies SE as of 26 October 2022.

Dr Markus Kerber, Germany, notified us on 24 June 2015 pursuant to section 21 (1) (since 3 January 2018: section 33 (1)) WpHG that his share of voting rights in GFT Technologies Aktiengesellschaft (now: GFT Technologies SE) fell below the threshold of 5% on

22 June 2015 and amounted to 4.99998% as of this date. Of this shareholding, 0.00618% is attributable to Dr Markus Kerber pursuant to section 22 (1) sentence 1 no. 6 (since 3 January 2018: section 34 (1) sentence 1 no. 6) WpHG.

Ulrich Dietz, Germany, notified us on 3 April 2002 pursuant to section 41 (2) sentence 1 (since 3 January 2018: section 33 (2)) WpHG that he held 29.94% of the voting rights in GFT Technologies Aktiengesellschaft (now: GFT Technologies SE) as of 1 April 2002.

Maria Dietz, Germany, notified us on 3 April 2002 pursuant to section 41 (2) sentence 1 (since 3 January 2018: section 33 (2)) WpHG that she held 9.67% of the voting rights in GFT Technologies Aktiengesellschaft (now: GFT Technologies SE) as of 1 April 2002.

4.7 Issuance of Declaration of Compliance with the German Corporate Governance Code pursuant to section 161 AktG

In accordance with section 161 of the German Stock Corporation Act (AktG), the Administrative Board of GFT Technologies SE has issued its Declaration of Compliance and made it permanently accessible on the corporate website at www.qft.com/governance.

4.8 Appropriation of profit

The financial year 2022 was closed with a distributable profit of €34,345 thousand. The Administrative Board will propose the following resolution at the Annual General Meeting for the financial year 2022:

Proposal for the appropriation of profit

in €	2022
Dividend per share	0.45
No-par value shares entitled to dividend (number)	26,325,946
Total dividend payout	11,846,675.70
Profit carried forward to the next year	22,498,182.82
Distributable profit	34,344,858.52

4.9 Group relations

As the parent company of the GFT Group, GFT Technologies SE prepares consolidated financial statements in accordance with Section 315e HGB for the largest and smallest group of companies. The consolidated financial statements are published in the Federal Gazette ('Bundesanzeiger'), are available at the company's headquarters and can be accessed on the company's website at www.gft.com.

4.10 Subsequent events

Acquisition of targens GmbH

With a share purchase and transfer agreement dated 22 February 2023, the GFT Group acquired 100% of the shares in targens GmbH, Stuttgart (targens) via GFT Technologies SE. The acquisition is subject to antitrust approval and is expected to be closed at the beginning of the second quarter of 2023. The purchase price of the targens shares is in the mid-double-digit million range.

Based in Stuttgart, targens employs around 250 people and has expertise in the field of consulting, compliance solutions and digital innovation for banks, insurers and the finance departments of industrial companies. By acquiring targens, the GFT Group is gaining additional expertise in the areas of consulting and compliance solutions and can expand its product business with recurring revenues.

Stuttgart, 22 March 2023

GFT Technologies SE The Managing Directors

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Marika Lulay
Chief Executive Officer

Know

Dr, Jochen RuetzChief Financial Officer

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Jens-Thorsten Rauer Group Chief Executive – Central & Western Europe **Responsibility statement**

Responsibility statement

To the best of our knowledge, and in accordance with applicable reporting principles, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position, cash flows and profit or loss of GFT Technologies SE, and the management report, which has been combined with the Group management report, includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the company, together with a description of the principal opportunities and risks associated with the expected development of GFT Technologies SE.

Stuttgart, 22 March 2023

GFT Technologies SE The Managing Directors

Marika Lulay

Chief Executive Officer

Granie L

Dr, Jochen Ruetz

Chief Financial Officer

Jens-Thorsten Rauer

Group Chief Executive –

Central & Western Europe

Independent auditor's report

To GFT Technologies SE, Stuttgart/Germany

Report on the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements and of the Combined Management Report

Audit Opinions

We have audited the annual financial statements of GFT Technologies SE, Stuttgart/Germany, which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2022, and the statement of profit and loss for the financial year from 1 January to at 31 December 2022, and the notes to the financial statements, including the presentation of the recognition and measurement policies. In addition, we have audited the combined management report for the parent and the group of GFT Technologies SE, Stuttgart/Germany, for the financial year from 1 January to 31 December 2022. In accordance with the German legal requirements, we have not audited the content of the combined corporate governance statement included in section 8 of the combined management report and the Group's non-financial report to which reference is made in section 1.7 of the combined management report. In addition, we have not audited the content of the last section marked "unaudited" in the subsection "Internal Control and Risk Management Organization" of the risk report in the combined management report.

In our opinion, on the basis of the knowledge obtained in the audit.

- the accompanying annual financial statements comply, in all material respects, with the requirements of German commercial law applicable to business corporations and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2022 and of its financial performance for the financial year from 1 January to at 31 December 2022 in compliance with German Legally Required Accounting Principles, and
- the accompanying combined management report as a whole provides an appropriate view of the Company's position. In all material respects, this combined management report is consistent with the annual financial statements, complies with German legal requirements and appropriately presents the opportunities and risks of future development. Our audit opinion on the combined management report does not cover the content of the combined corporate governance statement, the Group's non-financial report to which reference is made in the combined management report, and the last section in the subsection "Internal Control and Risk Management Organization" of the risk report.

Pursuant to Section 322 (3) sentence 1 German Commercial Code (HGB), we declare that our audit has not led to any reservations relating to the legal compliance of the annual financial statements and of the combined management report.

Basis for the Audit Opinions

We conducted our audit of the annual financial statements and of the combined management report in

accordance with Section 317 HGB and the EU Audit Regulation (No. 537/2014; referred to subsequently as "EU Audit Regulation") and in compliance with German Generally Accepted Standards for Financial Statement Audits promulgated by the Institut der Wirtschaftsprüfer (IDW). Our responsibilities under those requirements and principles are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements and of the Combined Management Report" section of our auditor's report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the requirements of European law and German commercial and professional law, and we have fulfilled our other German professional responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. In addition, in accordance with Article 10 (2) point (f) of the EU Audit Regulation, we declare that we have not provided nonaudit services prohibited under Article 5 (1) of the EU Audit Regulation. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions on the annual financial statements and on the combined management report.

Key Audit Matters in the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the annual financial statements for the financial year from 1 January to 31 December 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the annual financial statements as a whole and in forming our audit opinion thereon; we do not provide a separate audit opinion on these matters.

In the following we present the key audit matter we have determined in the course of our audit: Recoverability of shares in affiliated companies and loans to affiliated companies.

Our presentation of this key audit matter has been structured as follows:

a) description (including reference to corresponding information in the annual financial statements)

b) auditor's response

Recoverability of shares in affiliated companies and of loans to affiliated companies

a) Shares in affiliated companies of mEUR 54.6 and loans to affiliated companies of mEUR 44.2 are recognized in the annual financial statements of GFT Technologies SE as of 31 December 2022 under long-term financial assets. These balance sheet line items account for 64% of the balance sheet total and have a major impact on the Company's assets and liabilities, and its financial performance in the event of necessary loss allowances.

Shares in affiliated companies are recorded at acquisition costs or the lower market value when they are expected to be permanently impaired. Loans to affiliated companies are recorded at their nominal value or the lower market value when their fair value is expected to be permanently impaired.

Loans to affiliated companies are included in an assessment of the recoverability of shares in affiliated companies. To assess recoverability, the managing directors determine the market value, using a discounted cash flow method. The cash flows used in the calculation are based on company-specific planning for 2023 that has been approved by the administrative board and is rolled forward to the next five years, using presumed long-term growth rates. The relevant capitalization rate is derived from yields on alternative investments based on an adequate level of risk exposure.

The outcome of a valuation depends heavily on an assessment of future cash flows derived from planning approved by the administrative board, and on the company-specific discount and growth rates used. Valuations are hence surrounded by uncertainty. This in the context in which we have classified the recoverability of the shares and loans to affiliated companies as a key audit matter because of their materiality.

Information provided by the managing directors about the accounting for, and valuation of, the shares and loans to affiliated companies has been included in the sections "Accounting and valuation methods" and "Fixed assets" in the Notes.

b) During our audit, we obtained an in-depth understanding of the process of testing shares in affiliated companies for impairment, and evaluated the extent to which an assessment could be influenced by subjectivity, complexity, or other inherent risk factors. In addition, we evaluated the design and establishment of selected internal controls over cash flow planning relevant to the audit.

We reperformed the impairment test performed by the managing directors, in which we involved our internal valuation specialists, and assessed whether the valuation procedure applied was methodologically and arithmetically appropriate. In relation to planning data included in the valuation, we performed reconciliations on corporate plans for 2023 that the managing directors of GFT Technologies SE had created, and the administrative board had approved and/or taken note of. Regarding available estimates, we performed a critical assessment of the related assumptions and data. We also assured ourselves that high-quality forecasts were provided to date, by

comparing previous financial years' planning to the results actually realized, and analyzing deviations, taking into account the impacts of the coronavirus pandemic. We evaluated the adequacy of future income used in the valuation by reconciling selected planning assumptions with general and industry-specific market expectations, taking into account expected changes in inflation. In addition, we examined whether planning was consistent with information about strategy and medium-term planning, and the reporting on outlook in the combined management report.

We also evaluated the determination of the cost of capital used. For this purpose, we concerned ourselves with the parameters used in determining the cost of capital, and reconciled them to market expectations, in which we involved internal valuation specialists who we consulted.

Other Information

The managing directors and/or the administrative board are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises

- the Group's non-financial report pursuant to Section 315b HGB, to which reference is made in section 1.7 of the combined management report,
- the combined corporate governance statement pursuant to Sections 289f and 315d HGB included in section 8 of the combined management report,
- the table included in section 2.2 "Development of Business" of the combined management report and marked "unaudited",

- the last paragraph marked "unaudited" in the subsection "Internal Control and Risk Management Organization" of the risk report in the combined management report, and
- the executive directors' confirmation regarding the annual financial statements and the combined management report pursuant to Section 264 (2) sentence 3 and/or Section 289 (1) sentence 5 HGB.

The administrative board is responsible for the statement according to Section 161 AktG concerning the German Corporate Governance Code, which is part of the corporate governance statement. The managing directors and the administrative board are responsible for the combined corporate governance statement. Otherwise the managing directors are responsible for the other information.

Our audit opinions on the annual financial statements and on the combined management report do not cover the other information, and consequently we do not express an audit opinion or any other form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, to consider whether the other information

- is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements, with the audited content of the combined management report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or
- · otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of the Managing Directors and the Administrative Board for the Annual Financial Statements and the Combined Management Report

The managing directors are responsible for the preparation of the annual financial statements that comply, in all material respects, with the requirements of German commercial law applicable to business corporations, and that the annual financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and financial performance of the Company in compliance with German Legally Required Accounting Principles. In addition, the managing directors are responsible for such internal control as they, in accordance with German Legally Required Accounting Principles, have determined necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud (i.e., fraudulent financial reporting and misappropriation of assets) or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the managing directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. They also have the responsibility for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern. In addition, they are responsible for financial reporting based on the going concern basis of accounting, provided no actual or legal circumstances conflict therewith.

Furthermore, the managing directors are responsible for the preparation of the combined management report that as a whole provides an appropriate view of the Company's position and is, in all material respects, consistent with the annual financial statements, complies with German legal requirements, and appropriately presents the opportunities and risks of future development. In addition, the managing directors are responsible for such arrangements and measures (systems) as they have considered necessary to enable the preparation of a combined management report that is in accordance with the applicable German legal requirements, and to be able to provide sufficient appropriate evidence for the assertions in the combined management report.

The administrative board is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process for the preparation of the annual financial statements and of the combined management report.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements and of the Combined Management Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and whether the combined management report as a whole provides an appropriate view of the Company's position and, in all material respects, is consistent with the annual financial statements and the knowledge obtained in the audit, complies with the German legal requirements and appropriately presents the opportunities and risks of future development, as well as to issue an auditor's report that includes our audit opinions on the annual financial statements and on the combined management report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Section 317 HGB and the EU Audit Regulation and in compliance with German Generally Accepted Standards for Financial Statement Audits promulgated by the Institut der Wirtschaftsprüfer (IDW) will always detect a material misstatement. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual financial statements and this combined management report.

We exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements and of the combined management report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit of the annual financial statements and of arrangements and measures relevant to the audit of the combined management report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an audit opinion on the effectiveness of these systems of the Company.

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the managing directors and the reasonableness of estimates made by the managing directors and related disclosures.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the managing directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual financial statements and in the combined management report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our respective audit opinions. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to be able to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the annual financial statements present the underlying transactions and events in a manner that the annual financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and financial performance of the Company in compliance with German Legally Required Accounting Principles.
- evaluate the consistency of the combined management report with the annual financial statements, its conformity with German law, and the view of the Company's position it provides.

perform audit procedures on the prospective information presented by the managing directors in the combined management report. On the basis of sufficient appropriate audit evidence we evaluate, in particular, the significant assumptions used by the managing directors as a basis for the prospective information, and evaluate the proper derivation of the prospective information from these assumptions. We do not express a separate audit opinion on the prospective information and on the assumptions used as a basis. There is a substantial unavoidable risk that future events will differ materially from the prospective information.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with the relevant independence requirements, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, the actions taken or safequards applied to eliminate independence threats.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the annual financial statements for the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in the auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Report on the Audit of the Electronic Reproductions of the Annual Financial Statements and of the Combined Management Report Prepared for Publication Pursuant to Section 317 (3a) HGB

Audit Opinion

We have performed an audit in accordance with Section 317 (3a) HGB to obtain reasonable assurance whether the electronic reproductions of the annual financial statements and of the combined management report (hereinafter referred to as "ESEF documents") prepared for publication, contained in the file, which has the SHA256: db73f10ca962b345ad09bd9 69962508651609aa3a870adb62625b5edb00aa630 meet, in all material respects, the requirements for the electronic reporting format pursuant to Section 328 (1) HGB ("ESEF format"). In accordance with the German legal requirements, this audit only covers the conversion of the information contained in the annual financial statements and the combined management report into the ESEF format, and therefore covers neither the information contained in these electronic reproductions nor any other information contained in the file identified above.

In our opinion, the electronic reproductions of the annual financial statements and of the combined management report prepared for publication contained in the file identified above meet, in all material respects, the requirements for the electronic

reporting format pursuant to Section 328 (1) HGB. Beyond this audit opinion and our audit opinions on the accompanying annual financial statements and on the accompanying combined management report for the financial year from 1 January to 31 December 2022 contained in the "Report on the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements and of the Combined Management Report" above, we do not express any assurance opinion on the information contained within these electronic reproductions or on any other information contained in the file identified above.

Basis for the Audit Opinion

We conducted our audit of the electronic reproductions of the annual financial statements and of the combined management report contained in the file identified above in accordance with Section 317 (3a) HGB and on the basis of the IDW Auditing Standard: Audit of the Electronic Reproductions of Financial Statements and Management Reports Prepared for Publication Purposes Pursuant to Section 317 (3a) HGB (IDW AuS 410 (06.2022)). Our responsibilities in this context are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the ESEF Documents" section. Our audit firm has applied the IDW Standard on Quality Management: Requirements for Quality Management in the Audit Firm (IDW QS 1).

Responsibilities of the Managing Directors and the Administrative Board for the ESEF Documents

The managing directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the ESEF documents based on the electronic files of the annual financial

statements and of the combined management report according to Section 328 (1) sentence 4 no. 1 HGB.

In addition, the managing directors of the Company are responsible for such internal controls that they have considered necessary to enable the preparation of ESEF documents that are free from material intentional or unintentional non-compliance with the requirements for the electronic reporting format pursuant to Section 328 (1) HGB.

The administrative board is responsible for overseeing the process for preparing the ESEF documents as part of the financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the ESEF Documents

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the ESEF documents are free from material intentional or unintentional non-compliance with the requirements of Section 328 (1) HGB. We exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material intentional or unintentional non-compliance with the requirements of Section 328 (1) HGB, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit on the ESEF documents in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of

expressing an assurance opinion on the effectiveness of these controls.

- evaluate the technical validity of the ESEF documents, i.e. whether the file containing the ESEF documents meets the requirements of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815, in the version in force at the balance sheet date, on the technical specification for this electronic file.
- evaluate whether the ESEF documents enable a XHTML reproduction with content equivalent to the audited annual financial statements and to the audited combined management report.

Further information pursuant to Article 10 of the EU Audit Regulation

We were elected as auditor by the general meeting on 1 June 2022. We were engaged by the administrative board on 10 November 2022. We have been the auditor of GFT Technologies SE, Stuttgart/Germany, since the financial year 2022.

We declare that the audit opinions expressed in this auditor's report are consistent with the additional report to the audit committee pursuant to Article 11 of the EU Audit Regulation (long-form audit report).

Other Matter – Use of the Auditor's Report

Our auditor's report must always be read together with the audited annual financial statements and the audited combined management report as well as with the audited ESEF documents. The annual financial statements and the combined management report converted into the ESEF format – including the versions to be submitted to the Company Register – are merely electronic reproductions of the audited annual financial statements and the audited combined management report and do not take their place. In particular, the ESEF report and our audit opinion contained therein are to be used solely together with the audited ESEF documents made available in electronic form.

German Public Auditor Responsible for the Engagement

The German Public Auditor responsible for the engagement is Marco Koch.

Stuttgart/Germany, 22 March 2023

Deloitte GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft

Signed: Marco Koch Wirtschaftsprüfer (German Public Auditor) Signed: Anja Lustig Wirtschaftsprüferin (German Public Auditor)

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